

# **Child Care Options for Small Business**

Work-life benefits are the great equalizer in today's competitive marketplace. With innovative practices that help families and strengthen communities, even small businesses that cannot afford the higher salaries and traditional benefits offered by larger corporations can compete.

Small businesses can effectively adapt most child care options to their needs. A 1988 report for the U.S. Small Business Administration, *Small Business Options for Child Care*, found that small size can speed—as well as slow—an employer's implementation of child care options. To date, small employers have been less likely than large employers to offer child care supports, because they have fewer opportunities for economies of scale and fewer staff responsible for benefits management. However, a growing number of small businesses are finding ways to effectively address their employees' child care needs.

## **Providing Information**

Resource and Referral Services. Small businesses can contract with a
community agency to provide child care referrals for employees on a "per
referral" basis. A group of small businesses can also contract with an agency
for referral and parental seminars that are held at a central location for
employees from all of the businesses. Many local resource and referral
agencies also provide customized services for small businesses.

#### Flex-Time and Leave Policies

Flexible work arrangements can be a viable option for small firms. The 1998 Business Work-Life Study conducted by the Families and Work Institute found that many small companies have flex-time policies in place.

- More than two-thirds of small firms periodically allow workers flexibility in the time they start and end work.
- More than one-third of small companies allow job sharing.
- One-half of small companies permit employees to occasionally work at home.

More than two-thirds of human resource managers of smaller firms report that either the benefits of these programs exceed costs or that they are cost neutral.

## **Providing Financial Assistance**

- Dependent Care Spending Assistance Plans. Many small businesses can
  utilize flexible spending plans that allow employees to set aside pre-tax
  dollars to pay for child care expenses. Employers receive a tax advantage as
  well, as they do not have to pay Social Security, federal employment, and
  most state and local payroll taxes on the amounts provided for dependent
  care. Administrative costs to establish a DCAP are low.
- Flexible Benefit Plans. Small businesses can also offer "cafeteria plans" that allow employees to choose from a menu of benefits to customize their benefits package.
- **Child Care Vendor Plans.** Small businesses can contract with off-site child care centers to reserve slots for their employees' children.

## **Creating and Supporting Child Care Services**

Few small businesses have enough employees with young children to sustain an on-site child care center. However, several options exist for small businesses to create and/or support child care services in their communities.

- Partnering with Other Employers. Small businesses may join together to form a consortium child care center or family child care network that can serve the employees of all of the participating companies. The small businesses share the costs, thereby reducing total costs faced by each employer.
- Public-Private Partnerships. Small businesses can also create or join
  existing community partnerships. Such partnerships work toward a wide
  variety of goals, including increasing the supply of child care and improving
  the quality of child care offered in the community.

In 1988, three employees left A&A Manufacturing, a business of 200 workers in New Berlin, Wisconsin, because they were unable to find adequate child care. Recognizing the importance of child care access in retaining skilled employees, A&A joined with other small businesses located in the New Berlin Industrial Park in a cooperative effort to establish a child care center. The New Berlin Child Care Center opened in 1992 and now serves 210 children. Most of the businesses that sponsor the center have fewer than 100 employees, and some are as small as two or three workers. New Berlin Child Care Center estimates that at any one time, the center helps up to 150 workers address their child care needs.